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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## **Product identifier**

Article No. (manufacturer/supplier) KP709054G710

Trade name/designation SolvSeal SportMarking COLOR

Schwarz

Stat.Warennummer: 3208.10.900

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2.

#### Relevant identified uses

paint and/or paint related material

## Uses advised against

Do not use for injecting or spraying. Product is not intended for consumer use.

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3

## supplier (manufacturer/importer/downstream user/distributor)

Berger-Seidle GmbH

Parkettlacke - Klebstoffe - Bauchemie Telephone: +49 6359 / 8005-0 Maybachstraße 2 Telefax: +49 6359 / 8005-170

67269 Grünstadt

Germany

## Department responsible for information:

Laboratory

E-mail Sicherheitsdaten@berger-seidle.de

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24-hour emergency number in side USA: +1 872 5888271 or +11 49 700 24112112 (BLG)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS-US** classification

Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour. Skin Irrit. 3 / H316 Skin corrosion/irritation Causes mild skin irritation. Carc. 1B / H350 Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### **GHS-US** labeling

## **Hazard pictograms**







Danger

### **Hazard statements**

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H350 May cause cancer.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Precautionary statements**

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P210

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges. P243

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

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P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing powder or sand to extinguish.
P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Keep locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial incineration plant.

## Hazard components for labelling

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Spontaneous ignition possible through autoxidation of cloths soaked in the product. (The same applies to dust and other paint-soaked items). The product itself is not self ignitive.

#### Other information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children. Read label before use.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

**Description** Oil epoxy resin sealants, high in solvents, aromatics removed

# Hazardous ingredients

#### **GHS-US** classification

CAS No.	Designation // Remark	weight-%
64742-48-9	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	25 - 50
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	10 - 15
64742-95-6	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	2,5 - 5
54839-24-6	2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1 - 2,5
22464-99-9	2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	0,5 - 1
96-29-7	butanone oxime	0,25 - 0,5
85711-46-2	Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	0,1 - 0,25

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **General information**

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

## In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

## Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

## After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

## Following ingestion

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If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

strong water jet

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

## **Further information**

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

## Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Soils have to conform to the "Guidelines for avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges (TRGS 727)".

## Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

## Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 15 °C and 25 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

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Due to the content of organic solvents in the preparation:

Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Version:

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Control parameters**

## Occupational exposure limit values

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Index No. 649-327-00-6 / EC No. 265-150-3 / CAS No. 64742-48-9

OSHA, PEL, STEL: 400 mg/m3; 100 ppm

## **Additional information**

TWA: Long-term occupational exposure limit value STEL: short-term occupational exposure limit value

C: peak limitation

#### **DNEL:**

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Index No. 649-356-00-4 / EC No. 265-199-0 / CAS No. 64742-95-6

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 25 mg/kg DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 11 mg/kg DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 11 mg/kg DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 32 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

## Personal protection equipment

## Respiratory protection

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Observe the wear time limits according GefStoffV in combination with the rules for using respiratory protection apparatus (BGR 190). Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

## Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

Thickness of the glove material > 0,4 mm; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

## Eye/face protection

Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

## **Body protection**

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

## **Protective measures**

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

### **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See section 7. No additional measures necessary.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid Colour: black

Odour: characteristic

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Odour threshold: not applicable

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 110 °C

Source: Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2%

aromatics

Lower and upper explosion limit:

Lower explosion limit: 1 Vol-% Upper explosion limit: 9,8 Vol-%

Source: 2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Flash point: 24 °C Auto-ignition temperature: 200 °C

Source: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

Decomposition temperature: not applicable

pH at 20 °C: not applicable Cinematic viscosity (40°C): < 700 mm²/s

Viscosity at 20 °C: 95 s 4 mm

Method: DIN 53211

Solubility(ies):

Water solubility at 20 °C: insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: see section 12

Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 10 mbar

Method: calculated.

Source: Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2%

aromatics

Density and/or relative density:

Density at 20 °C: 0,92 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Method: ISO 2811, part 3

Relative vapour density: not applicable particle characteristics: not applicable

9.2. Other information

Solvent separation test: < 3 weight-% (ADR/RID)

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7. Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

not applicable

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Acute toxicity** 

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2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate oral, LD50, Rat: 4755 mg/kg dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 13,42 mg/kg

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: 6,99 mg/L

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: > 4951 mg/L (4 h)

Method: OECD 403

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics oral, LD50, Rat: > 2000 mg/kg dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg

Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated

oral, LD50, Rat: > 2000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 423

## Skin corrosion/irritation; Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes mild skin irritation.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics eves

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Skin

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics : Evaluation No sensitising effect known

## CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

May cause cancer.

butanone oxime

Carcinogenicity

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

Reproductive toxicity

#### STOT-single exposure; STOT-repeated exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Irritation Evaluation May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness Evaluation May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

## **Aspiration hazard**

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Aspiration hazard

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Aspiration hazard

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

Aspiration hazard

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### Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

## Overall assessment on CMR properties

EC No.	Designation	Classification according to
CAS No.		Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
		[CLP]
202-496-6	butanone oxime	Carc. 1B
96-29-7		

#### Remark

There is no information available on the preparation itself . The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and classified according to the toxicological dangers. See chapters 2 and 15 for details.

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

## **Endocrine disrupting properties**

No information available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

## 12.1. Toxicity

2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 140 mg/L (96 h)

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 110 mg/L (48 h)

Bacteria toxicity, EC10, Pseudomonas putida: 560 mg/L (16 h)

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Daphnia toxicity, EL50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea) 22 - 46 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, EL50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: > 1000 mg/L (72 h)

Algae toxicity, NOELR, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: < 1 mg/L (72 h)

Fish toxicity, LL50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) 10 - 30 mg/L (96 h)

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Daphnia toxicity, EC50 1 - 10 mg/L (48 h); Evaluation estimated

Fish toxicity, LC50 1 - 10 mg/L; Evaluation estimated Algae toxicity, EC50 1 - 10 mg/L; Evaluation estimated

Bacteria toxicity, EC50: > 100 mg/L ; Evaluation estimated

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

Fish toxicity, LC50 (96 h)

Algae toxicity, EL50: > 1000 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Daphnia toxicity, EL50: > 1000 mg/L (48 h)

Method: OECD 202

Fish toxicity, CL50: > 100 mg/L (96 h)

Method: OECD 202

Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated

Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): > 100 mg/L (48 h); Evaluation semistatic

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: > 100 mg/L (72 h); Evaluation semistatic

Method: OECD 201

Fish toxicity, LC50, Leuciscus idus (golden orfe): > 150 mg/L (48 h)

Method: DIN 38412

Bacteria toxicity, EC50, Activated sludge: > 1000 mg/L (3 h); Evaluation static test

Method: OECD 209

Long-term Ecotoxicity

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Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics Fish toxicity, LC50 (96 h) Daphnia toxicity, NOEC

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

:89 % (28 D)

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Toxicological data are not available.

#### **Bioconcentration factor (BCF)**

Toxicological data are not available.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Toxicological data are not available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

## Appropriate disposal / Product

## Recommendation

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.

## List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

080111\* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

\*Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

### Appropriate disposal / Package

#### Recommendation

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## 14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Land transport (ADR/RID): Paint
Sea transport (IMDG): PAINT
Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR): Paint

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Land transport (ADR/RID): KEINE GÜTER DER KLASSE 3

bunch > 450 I class 3

Sea transport (IMDG)

for packages < = 450 litres Transport in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG Code.

Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) 3

14.4. Packing group

Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

Land transport (ADR/RID) not applicable

Marine pollutant not applicable

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

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Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.

Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

#### **Further information**

## Land transport (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code D/E

Sea transport (IMDG)

EmS-No. F-E, S-E

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport as bulk according IBC - Code.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## **US Federal regulations**

#### Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances [Seveso-III-Directive]

Category: P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS Quantity 1: 5000 t / Quantity 2: 50000 t

## Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions [Industrial Emissions Directive]

VOC-value (in g/L) ISO 11890-2: 453 VOC-value (in g/L) ASTM D2369: 453

## Directive 2004/42/EC on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds

VOC product category: (Cat. A/i); VOC limit value: 500 g/l

Maximum VOC content of the product in a ready to use condition (in g/L): 453

#### **National regulations**

## **Restrictions of occupation**

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers. Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

## Substance/product listed in the following inventories:

TSCA: All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption

## 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Full text of classification in section 3:

Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour.

Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aspiration hazard Flammable liquid and vapour.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin Irrit. 3 / H316 Skin corrosion/irritation Causes mild skin irritation.

Aquatic Acute 3 / H402 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Harmful to aquatic organisms.

Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

STOT SE 3 / H335 STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Repr. 2 / H361 Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Carc. 1B / H350 Carcinogenicity May cause cancer (state route of exposure if it

is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard).

Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute toxicity (dermal) Harmful in contact with skin.

Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute toxicity (oral) Toxic if swallowed.

Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute toxicity (oral) Toxic if swallowed.

STOT SE 1 / H370 STOT-single exposure Causes damage to organs (or state all organs

affected, if known) (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of

exposure cause the hazard).

STOT RE 2 / H373 STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs (or state all organs affected, if known) through prolonged or

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> repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of

exposure cause the hazard).

Causes skin irritation.

Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Skin corrosion/irritation Eve Dam. 1 / H318 Serious eve damage/eve irritation Causes serious eve damage. Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Classification procedure

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquids On basis of test data. Skin Irrit. 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Calculation method. Carc. 1B Carcinogenicity Calculation method. STOT SE 3 STOT-single exposure Calculation method. Hazardous to the aquatic environment Calculation method. Aquatic Chronic 3

## Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**OEL** Occupational Exposure Limit Value

Biological Limit Value **BLV** Chemical Abstracts Service CAS

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic CMR

German Institute for Standardization / German industrial standard DIN

**DNEL** Derived No-Effect Level

**EAKV European Waste Catalogue Directive** 

**Effective Concentration** EC **European Community** EC ΕN European Standard

IATA-DGR International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations

IBC Code International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous ICAO-TI

Goods by Air

**IMDG** Code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods ISO International Organization for Standardization

LC **Lethal Concentration** 

LD Lethal Dose

**MARPOL** Maritime Pollution: The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development OECD

PRT persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic **PNEC** Predicted No Effect Concentration

**REACH** Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail **RID** 

UN **United Nations** 

VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1.It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.