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 Article No.:
 KG34-Reihe
 Classic ExpressStain

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Article No. (manufacturer/supplier) KG34-Reihe

Trade name/designation Classic ExpressStain

alle Farbtöne

Stat.Warennummer: 3208.10.900

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

paint and/or paint related material

Uses advised against

Do not use for injecting or spraying. Product is not intended for consumer use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

supplier (manufacturer/importer/downstream user/distributor)

Berger-Seidle GmbH

Parkettlacke - Klebstoffe - Bauchemie Telephone: +49 6359 / 8005-0 Maybachstraße 2 Telefax: +49 6359 / 8005-170

67269 Grünstadt

Germany

Department responsible for information:

Laboratory

E-mail Sicherheitsdaten@berger-seidle.de

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24-hour emergency number in side USA: +1 872 5888271 or +11 49 700 24112112 (BLG)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 3 / H316 Skin corrosion/irritation Carcs. 1B / H350 Carcinogenicity Flammable liquid and vapour.

May cause cancer.

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms





Danger

Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H350 May cause cancer.

Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing powder or sand to extinguish.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Keep locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial incineration plant.

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Hazard components for labelling

2.3. Other hazards

Spontaneous ignition possible through autoxidation of cloths soaked in the product. (The same applies to dust and other paint-soaked items). The product itself is not self ignitive.

Other information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children. Read label before

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Description

Hazardous ingredients

GHS-US classification

CAS No.	Designation // Remark	weight-%	
	Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	25 - 50	
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	15 - 20	
111-76-2	2-butoxyethanol	1 - 2,5	
22464-99-9	2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	0,5 - 1	
96-29-7	butanone oxime	0,25 - 0,5	
85-44-9	phthalic anhydride	0,1 - 0,25	
15956-58-8	2-ethylhexanoic acid, manganese salt	0,1 - 0,25	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

Following ingestion

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

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5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

strong water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

Further information

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Soils have to conform to the "Guidelines for avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges (TRGS 727)".

Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 15 °C and 25 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Due to the content of organic solvents in the preparation:

Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

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Occupational exposure limit values

2-butoxyethanol

Index No. 603-014-00-0 / EC No. 203-905-0 / CAS No. 111-76-2

IDLH, TWA: 700 ppm

OSHA, TWA: 240 mg/m3; 50 ppm

Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin)

NIOSH, TWA: 24 mg/m3; 5 ppm

Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin)

ACGIH, TWA: 97 mg/m3; 20 ppm ACGIH-BEI, TWA: 200 mg/g creatinine

Remark: Butoxyacetic acid (BAA); urine; end of exposure or end of shift

phthalic anhydride

Index No. 607-009-00-4 / EC No. 201-607-5 / CAS No. 85-44-9

IDLH, TWA: 60 mg/m3

OSHA, TWA: 12 mg/m3; 2 ppm NIOSH, TWA: 6 mg/m3; 1 ppm ACGIH, TWA: 0,002 mg/m3 ACGIH, STEL: 0,005 mg/m3

Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin)

Additional information

TWA: Long-term occupational exposure limit value STEL: short-term occupational exposure limit value

C: peak limitation

DNEL:

2-butoxyethanol

Index No. 603-014-00-0 / EC No. 203-905-0 / CAS No. 111-76-2

DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic), Workers: 89 mg/kg

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 75 mg/kg

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 50 ppm

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 135 ppm

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 20 ppm

DNEL short-term oral (acute), Consumer: 13,4 mg/kg

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 3,2 mg/kg

DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic), Consumer: 44,5 mg/kg

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 38 mg/kg

DNEL acute inhalative (local), Consumer: 123 mg/m³

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 426 mg/m³

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 49 mg/m³

2-ethylhexanoic acid, manganese salt

EC No. 240-085-3 / CAS No. 15956-58-8

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 4,14 µg/kg

PNEC:

2-butoxyethanol

Index No. 603-014-00-0 / EC No. 203-905-0 / CAS No. 111-76-2

PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 8,8 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,88 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 34,6 mg/kg

PNEC sediment, marine water: 3,46 mg/kg

PNEC, soil: 2,8 mg/kg

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 463 mg/L

8.2. Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection

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If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Observe the wear time limits according GefStoffV in combination with the rules for using respiratory protection apparatus (BGR 190). Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

Thickness of the glove material > 0,4 mm; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

Eye/face protection

Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

Body protection

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

Protective measures

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See section 7. No additional measures necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: refer to chapter 1.

Odour: characteristic

Odour threshold: not applicable

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 110 °C

Source: Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2%

aromatics

Lower and upper explosion limit:

Lower explosion limit: 1,1 Vol-% Upper explosion limit: 14 Vol-%

Source: (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol

Flash point: 38 °C
Auto-ignition temperature: 201 °C

Source: Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2%

aromatics

Decomposition temperature: not applicable

pH at 20 °C: not applicable Cinematic viscosity (40°C): < 80 mm²/s

Viscosity at 20 °C: 15 s 4 mm

Method: DIN 53211

Solubility(ies):

Water solubility at 20 °C: insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: see section 12
Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 10 mbar

Method: calculated.

Source: Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2%

aromatics

Density and/or relative density:

Density at 20 °C: 0,93 g/cm³

Method: ISO 2811, part 3

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Relative vapour density: not applicable particle characteristics: not applicable

9.2. Other information

Solvent separation test: < 3 weight-% (ADR/RID)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7. Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

not applicable

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

2-butoxyethanol

oral, LD50, Rat: 1746 mg/kg

dermal, LD50, Rat: 2275 mg/kg ; Evaluation The product is skin resorptive.

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 2700 mg/kg

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat 2 - 20 mg/L (4 h)

phthalic anhydride

oral, LD50, Rat: 1530 mg/kg dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 3160 mg/kg inhalative, Rat: 0,21 mg/L (1 h)

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg oral, LC50, Rat: > 5 mg/l

oral, LC50, Rat: > 5 mg/L Method: OECD 403

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401

dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402

inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: > 4951 mg/L (4 h)

Method: OECD 403

Skin corrosion/irritation; Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes mild skin irritation.

2-butoxvethanol

Skin (4 h)

Irritating to skin.

eyes: Evaluation strong caustic effect involving danger of serious eye damages

Respiratory system: Evaluation Irritating to respiratory system.

phthalic anhydride

Skin (4 h)

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eyes

2-ethylhexanoic acid, manganese salt

eves

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

eyes

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

eyes

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

2-butoxyethanol

phthalic anhydride

Skin:

Respiratory system:

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

: ; Evaluation No sensitising effect known

CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

May cause cancer.

butanone oxime

Carcinogenicity

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

Reproductive toxicity

STOT-single exposure; STOT-repeated exposure

phthalic anhydride

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Irritation

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Evaluation The substance or mixture is not rated as target-organ-toxic

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness

Aspiration hazard

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics Aspiration hazard; Evaluation May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Aspiration hazard

Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

Overall assessment on CMR properties

EC No. CAS No.	Designation	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008		
202-496-6 96-29-7	butanone oxime	[CLP] Carc. 1B		

Remark

There is no information available on the preparation itself . The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and classified according to the toxicological dangers. See chapters 2 and 15 for details.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

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No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

12.1. Toxicity

2-butoxyethanol

Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 1474 mg/L (96 h) Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 1550 mg/L (48 h)

Method: OECD 202

Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 1840 mg/L (72 h)

Method: OECD 201

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

Fish toxicity, LL0, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) (96 h)

Daphnia toxicity, EL0, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 1000 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, EL0, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 72 mg/L (72 h)

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Daphnia toxicity, EL50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea) 22 - 46 mg/L (48 h)

Algae toxicity, EL50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: > 1000 mg/L (72 h)

Algae toxicity, NOELR, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: < 1 mg/L (72 h)

Fish toxicity, LL50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) 10 - 30 mg/L (96 h)

Long-term Ecotoxicity

2-butoxyethanol

Daphnia toxicity, NOEC, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 100 mg/L (21 D)

Method: OECD 211

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

Fish toxicity, NOELR, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 0,1 mg/L (28 D)

Daphnia toxicity, NOELR, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 0,18 mg/L (21 D)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

2-butoxyethanol

Biodegradation: 90 % (28 D)

Method: OECD 301B

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

:89 % (28 D)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-butoxyethanol

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: 0,81

phthalic anhydride

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: 1,6

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

Toxicological data are not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Toxicological data are not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Appropriate disposal / Product

Recommendation

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste

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disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.

List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

080111* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

*Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

Appropriate disposal / Package

Recommendation

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Land transport (ADR/RID): Paint
Sea transport (IMDG): PAINT
Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR): Paint

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

3

14.4. Packing group

Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

Land transport (ADR/RID) not applicable

Marine pollutant not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.

Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

Further information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code D/E

Sea transport (IMDG)

EmS-No. F-E, S-E

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport as bulk according IBC - Code.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

US Federal regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances [Seveso-III-Directive]

Category: P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS Quantity 1: 5000 t / Quantity 2: 50000 t

Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions [Industrial Emissions Directive]

VOC-value (in g/L) ISO 11890-2: 553 VOC-value (in g/L) ASTM D2369: 553

Directive 2004/42/EC on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds

VOC product category: (Cat. A/f); VOC limit value: 700 g/l

Maximum VOC content of the product in a ready to use condition (in g/L): 553

National regulations

Restrictions of occupation

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers. Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Substance/product listed in the following inventories:

TSCA: All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption

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15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

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Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Skin Irrit. 3 / H316 Skin corrosion/irritation Causes mild skin irritation.

STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Aquatic Acute 3 / H402 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Harmful to aquatic organisms.

Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour.

Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Acute toxicity (inhalative) Harmful if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute toxicity (oral) Harmful if swallowed.

Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Repr. 2 / H361 Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Carc. 1B / H350 Carcinogenicity May cause cancer (state route of exposure if it

is conclusively proven that no other routes of

exposure cause the hazard).

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Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute toxicity (dermal) Harmful in contact with skin.

Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute toxicity (oral) Toxic if swallowed.

STOT SE 1 / H370 STOT-single exposure Causes damage to organs (or state all organs

affected, if known) (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of

exposure cause the hazard).

STOT RE 2 / H373 STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs (or state all

organs affected, if known) through prolonged or repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of

exposure cause the hazard).

Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT SE 3 / H335 STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

Resp. Sens. 1 / H334 Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Repr. 1 / H360 Reproductive toxicity May damage fertility or the unborn child (state

specific effect if known) (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes

of exposure cause the hazard).

Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification procedure

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquids On basis of test data.
Skin Irrit. 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Carculation method.
Carc. 1B Carcinogenicity Calculation method.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit Value

BLV Biological Limit Value CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging CMR Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

DIN German Institute for Standardization / German industrial standard

DNEL Derived No-Effect Level

EAKV European Waste Catalogue Directive

EC Effective Concentration
EC European Community
EN European Standard

IATA-DGR International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations

IBC Code International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations



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ICAO-TI International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Air

IMDG Code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods ISO International Organization for Standardization

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose

MARPOL Maritime Pollution: The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN United Nations

VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.