

Article Print d Versio	late:	KG530001BJ10 11.04.2023 13.0000	Classic HardOil Revision date: 11. Issue date: 05.11.		EN Page 1 / 10
SEC	TION 1: Io	dentification of th	e substance/mixt	ure and of the comp	any/undertaking
1.1.		dentifiers . (manufacturer/sup ne/designation	plier)	KG530001BJ10 Classic HardOil Stat.Warennummer: abZ-157-10-149 UFI: KY00-R0CS-900	
1.2.	Relevant	identified uses of	the substance or mi	xture and uses advise	
	Relevant	identified uses: for paint related mat for industrial and pr	erial		
		ised against: e for injecting or spr	aying.		
1.3.	Details of	f the supplier of the	e safety data sheet		
	Berger-Se Parkettlac Maybachs 67269 Gr Germany	eidle GmbH ke - Klebstoffe - Ba straße 2		ser/distributor) Telephone: +49 6359 Telefax: +49 6359 / 8	
	Laborator E-mail	у		Sicherheitsdaten@b	eraer-seidle de
1.4.	Emergen 24-hour e (BLG)	cy telephone numb mergency number: · mergency number ir	+49 700 24112112	888271 or +11 49 700 2	
SEC		azards identifica			()
2.1.		ation of the substa	Regulation (EC) No	1272/2008 [C] D]	
		-	•	o regulation (EC) No 12	72/2008 ICL PI
	Flam. Liq. Carc. 1B STOT SE Aquatic C	3 / H226 / H350 3 / H336 hronic 3 / H412	Flammable liquids Carcinogenicity STOT-single expos		
2.2.	Label ele				
			ulation (EC) No. 127	2/2008 [CLP]	
		ictograms	Dang	er	
	H226 H350 H336 H412	May ca May ca Harmfu onary statements Obtain Keep a Wear p 313 IF expo 378 In case 233 Store in	protective gloves and psed or concerned: G of fire: Use extinguis	zziness. ong lasting effects. pefore use. urfaces, sparks, open fla eye/face protection. iet medical advice/atten shing powder or sand to ace. Keep container tigh	extinguish.



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Hazard components for labelling

butanone oxime

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Supplemental hazard information

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH208	Contains butanone oxime; phthalic anhydride; Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated. May
	produce an allergic reaction.

2.3. Other hazards

Spontaneous ignition possible through autoxidation of cloths soaked in the product. (The same applies to dust and other paint-soaked items). The product itself is not self ignitive.

Other information

Read label before use. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Description Oils/waxes, high in solvents, aromatics removed

	cording to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]	
EC No. CAS No. Index No.	REACH No. Designation classification // Remark	weight-%
927-241-2	01-2119471843-32-XXXX Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics Skin Irrit. 3 H316 / STOT SE 3 H336 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / Aquatic Acute 3 H402 / Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 / Flam. Liq. 3 H226	25 - 50
265-150-3 64742-48-9 649-327-00-6	01-2119463258-33-XXXX Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	20 - 25
918-167-1	01-2119472146-39-XXXX Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2% aromatics Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304	1 - 2,5
245-018-1 22464-99-9	01-2119979088-21-XXXX 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt Repr. 2 H361	0,5 - 1
202-496-6 96-29-7 616-014-00-0	01-2119539477-28-XXXX butanone oxime Carc. 1B H350 / Acute Tox. 4 H312 / Acute Tox. 3 H301 / STOT SE 3 H336 / STOT SE 1 H370 / STOT RE 2 H373 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Dam. 1 H318 / Skin Sens. 1 H317 Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): ATE (oral): 100 mg/kg bw / ATE (dermal): 1100 mg/kg bw	0,25 - 0,5
288-306-2 85711-46-2	01-2119976378-19-XXXX Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Skin Sens. 1 H317	0,25 - 0,5
201-607-5 85-44-9 607-009-00-4	01-2119457017-41-XXXX phthalic anhydride Acute Tox. 4 H302 / STOT SE 3 H335 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Dam. 1 H318 / Resp. Sens. 1 H334 / Skin Sens. 1 H317 Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): ATE (oral): 1530 mg/kg bw	0,1 - 0,25

Additional information

Full text of classification: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.



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In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

After eve contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes, Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do, Continue rinsing, Seek medical advice immediately.

Following ingestion

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media 5.1.

Suitable extinguishing media: alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water) Unsuitable extinguishing media strong water iet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

Advice for firefighters 5.3

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

Environmental precautions 6.2.

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

Further information



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Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Soils have to conform to the "Guidelines for avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges (TRGS 727)".

Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 15 °C and 25 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Index No. 649-327-00-6 / EC No. 265-150-3 / CAS No. 64742-48-9

WEL, TWA: 800 mg/m3 Remark: (> or = C7, Cycloalkanes) WEL, TWA: 1200 mg/m3

Remark: (> or = C7, Normal and branched chain alkanes)

WEL, TWA: 1200 mg/m3

Remark: (> or = C7, Normal and branched chain alkanes)

WEL, TWA: 1200 mg/m3

Remark: (> or = C7, Normal and branched chain alkanes)

phthalic anhydride

Index No. 607-009-00-4 / EC No. 201-607-5 / CAS No. 85-44-9

WEL, TWA: 4 mg/m3 WEL, STEL: 12 mg/m3

Additional information

TWA : Long-term occupational exposure limit value STEL : short-term occupational exposure limit value Ceiling : peak limitation

8.2. Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Observe the wear time limits according GefStoffV in combination with the rules for using respiratory protection apparatus (BGR 190). Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

Thickness of the glove material > 0,4 mm ; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

Eye/face protection

Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

Body protection



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	Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.						
Protective measures							
	After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.						
		ental exposure con w to enter into surfa		s Soo soction 7	No addition	al moasuras nacas	son
050							sary.
SEC	TION 9: Ph	ysical and chem	ical properties				
9.1.	Informatio	n on basic physica	ll and chemical	properties			
	Physical s	tate:		Liquid			
	Colour:			brown			
	Odour:			characteristic			
	Odour thre			not applicabl			
		int/freezing point:		not applicabl	e		
	Initial boili	ng point and boilir	ig range:	110 °C Source: Hydro aromatics	ocarbons, C9	-C10, n-alkanes, is	soalkanes, cyclics, <2%
	Flammabil	ity:		Flammable lie	quid and vap	oour.	
	Lower ex	l upper explosion l plosion limit: plosion limit:	imit:	0,8 Vol-% 8 Vol-% Source: Hydro aromatics	ocarbons, C9	-C10, n-alkanes, is	soalkanes, cyclics, <2%
	Flash poin	t:		35 °C			
	-	on temperature:		200 °C			
	,				ntha (petroleu	m), hydrotreated he	eavy
	Decompos	sition temperature:		not applicabl	е		
	pH at 20 °C	D:		not applicabl	e		
	Cinematic	viscosity (40°C):		< 135 mm²/s			
	Viscosity a	at 20 °C:		27 s 4 mm Method: DIN	53211		
	Solubility(i						
		ubility at 20 °C:		insoluble			
		oefficient: n-octan	ol/water:	see section 1	2		
	Vapour pro	essure at 20 °C:		10 mbar Method: calcu Source: Hydro aromatics		-C10, n-alkanes, is	soalkanes, cyclics, <2%
	Density an Density at	d/or relative densit 20 °C:	ty:	0,89 g/cm³ Method: ISO:	2811, part 3		
	Relative va	apour density:		not applicabl	e		
	particle ch	aracteristics:		not applicabl	e		
9.2.	Other info	rmation					
	Solvent se	paration test:		< 3 weight-%	(ADR/RID)		
SEC	SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity						

10.1. **Reactivity** No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to



according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878			20/878	Berger-Sendle Parkett will das Beste!		
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	section 7					
10.3.		ity of hazardous read				
	-		strong bases and strong oxidizing ag	ents to avoid exothermic reactions.		
10.4.		ons to avoid us decomposition byp	roducts may form with exposure to h	igh temperatures.		
10.5.	Incompa not applie	itible materials cable				
10.6.	Hazardou	us decomposition p us decomposition byp itrogen oxides.		nigh temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide		
SEC	TION 11:	Toxicological info	ormation			
11.1.	Informat	ion on hazard class	es as defined in Regulation (EC) N	o 1272/2008		
	Acute to	xicity				
	oral, LD dermal,	anhydride 050, Rat: 1530 mg/kg LD50, Rabbit: 3160 r ve, Rat: 0,21 mg/L (
	oral, LD Method dermal, Method inhalativ	050, Rat: > 5000 mg/k : OECD 401 LD50, Rabbit: > 5000 : OECD 402	5	tics		
	oral, LD Method	(petroleum), hydrotre 050, Rat: > 5000 mg/k : OECD 401 LD50, Rabbit: > 2000	g			
	oral, LD	ds, C14-18 and C16-1)50, Rat: > 2000 mg/k :OECD 423				
	Skin cor	rosion/irritation; Ser	ious eye damage/eye irritation			
	phthalic a Skin (4	anhydride h)				
	eyes		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	e.		
	eyes	bons, C9-C10, n-alka	nes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aroma	lics		
	Respiratory or skin sensitisation					
	Skin:	anhydride itory system:				
	Hydrocar		nes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aroma effect known	tics		
CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicit			roduction)			
	May caus	se cancer.				
	butanone Carcino	e oxime ogenicity				
	-	exanoic acid, zirconiur uctive toxicity	n salt			
	STOT-si	ngle exposure; STO	F-repeated exposure			
	May caus	se drowsiness or dizz	ness			

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. phthalic anhydride



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Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Irritation

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Aspiration hazard

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics Aspiration hazard

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2% aromatics Aspiration hazard

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Aspiration hazard

Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

Overall assessment on CMR properties

EC No. CAS No.	Designation	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
202-496-6 96-29-7	butanone oxime	[CLP] Carc. 1B

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] There is no information available on the preparation itself . Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

12.1. Toxicity

-	· ·····,
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics Daphnia toxicity, EL50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea) 22 - 46 mg/L (48 h) Algae toxicity, EL50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: > 1000 mg/L (72 h) Algae toxicity, NOELR, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: < 1 mg/L (72 h) Fish toxicity, LL50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) 10 - 30 mg/L (96 h)
	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Fish toxicity, LC50 (96 h) Algae toxicity, EL50: > 1000 mg/L (72 h) Method: OECD 201 Daphnia toxicity, EL50: > 1000 mg/L (48 h) Method: OECD 202 Fish toxicity, CL50: > 100 mg/L (96 h) Method: OECD 202
	 Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): > 100 mg/L (48 h); Evaluation semistatic Method: OECD 202 Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: > 100 mg/L (72 h); Evaluation semistatic Method: OECD 201 Fish toxicity, LC50, Leuciscus idus (golden orfe): > 150 mg/L (48 h) Method: DIN 38412 Bacteria toxicity, EC50, Activated sludge: > 1000 mg/L (3 h); Evaluation static test Method: OECD 209



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Long-term Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hvdrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics :89 % (28 D)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

phthalic anhvdride

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: 1,6

12.4. Mobility in soil

Toxicological data are not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties No information available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Appropriate disposal / Product

Recommendation

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.

List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances 080111* *Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

Appropriate disposal / Package

Recommendation

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1.	UN number or ID number	
		UN 1263
14.2.	UN proper shipping name	
	Land transport (ADR/RID):	Paint
	Sea transport (IMDG):	PAINT
	Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR):	Paint
14.3.	Transport hazard class(es)	
		3
14.4.	Packing group	
		III
14.5.	Environmental hazards	
	Land transport (ADR/RID)	not applicable
	Marine pollutant	not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.

Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

Further information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code



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Sea transport (IMDG)

EmS-No.

F-E, S-E

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport as bulk according IBC - Code.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation

Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances [Seveso-III-Directive] Category: P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS Quantity 1: 5000 t / Quantity 2: 50000 t

Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions [Industrial Emissions Directive]

VOC-value (in g/L) ISO 11890-2: 495 VOC-value (in g/L) ASTM D2369: 495

Directive 2004/42/EC on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds

VOC product category: (Cat. A/i) ; VOC limit value: 500 g/l Maximum VOC content of the product in a ready to use condition (in g/L): 495

National regulations

Restrictions of occupation

Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Other information:

Switzerland: Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content in percent by weight: 55 Denmark: PR-No.: 2300243

MAL code (MAL code in mixture): 2-1

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classification in section 3

Full text of classification in section 5				
Skin Irrit. 3 / H316	Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes mild skin irritation.		
STOT SE 3 / H336	STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
Aquatic Acute 3 / H402	Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Harmful to aquatic organisms.		
Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412	Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	Flammable liquids	Flammable liquid and vapour.		
Repr. 2 / H361	Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.		
Carc. 1B / H350	Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer (state route of exposure if it		
		is conclusively proven that no other routes of		
		exposure cause the hazard).		
Acute Tox. 4 / H312	Acute toxicity (dermal)	Harmful in contact with skin.		
Acute Tox. 3 / H301	Acute toxicity (oral)	Toxic if swallowed.		
STOT SE 1 / H370	STOT-single exposure	Causes damage to organs (or state all organs		
		affected, if known) (state route of exposure if it		
		is conclusively proven that no other routes of		
		exposure cause the hazard).		
STOT RE 2 / H373	STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (or state all		
		organs affected, if known) through prolonged or		
		repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it		
		is conclusively proven that no other routes of		
		exposure cause the hazard).		
Skin Irrit. 2 / H315	Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		
Eye Dam. 1 / H318	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.		
Skin Sens. 1 / H317	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Acute Tox. 4 / H302	Acute toxicity (oral)	Harmful if swallowed.		



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	E 3 / H335 ens. 1 / H334	STOT-single exposure Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
	cation procedure		
		l used evaluation method according to reg	ulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]
Flam. Li	q. 3	Flammable liquids	On basis of test data.
Carc. 1E		Carcinogenicity	Calculation method.
STOT S		STOT-single exposure	Calculation method.
Aquatic	Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Calculation method.
Abbrev	iations and acronym	S	
ADD ADR OEL BLV CAS CLP CMR DIN DNEL EAKV EC EC EC EN IATA-DO IBC Coo ICAO-TI IMDG C ISO	Europe Occupa Biologi Chemic Classif Carcino Germa Derived Europe Effectiv Europe GR Interna de Interna Goods ode Interna	an Agreement concerning the International ational Exposure Limit Value cal Limit Value cal Abstracts Service ication, Labelling and Packaging ogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic n Institute for Standardization / German ind d No-Effect Level can Waste Catalogue Directive ve Concentration can Community can Standard tional Air Transport Association – Dangero tional Code for the Construction and Equip tional Civil Aviation Organization Technic	dustrial standard ous Goods Regulations oment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk al Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous
LC		Concentration	
LD	Lethal		
MARPO	L Maritim	e Pollution: The International Convention	for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
OECD		sation for Economic Cooperation and Deve	
PBT	persist	ent, bioaccumulative, toxic	
PNEC	Predict	ed No Effect Concentration	
REACH		ation, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restri	
RID	Regula	lations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail	
UN	-	Nations	
VOC		e Organic Compounds	
vPvB	very pe	ersistent and very bioaccumulative	
E the e	1		

Further information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.

* Data changed compared with the previous version